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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/768,942	01/30/2004	Ray R. Wurzbacher	SE-2021-TD	7172
26456	7590	04/05/2007		
WALLACE G. WALTER 5726 CLARENCE AVE ALEXANDRIA, VA 22311-1008			EXAMINER STINSON, FRANKIE L	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1746	
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		04/05/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/768,942	Applicant(s) WURZBACHER	
	Examiner FRANKIE L. STINSON	Art Unit 1746	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05 January 2007.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-32 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-16 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 17-31 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

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1. It has been noted that the set of claims contains three claims numbered as "22", therefore as per 37 CFR 1.126, misnumbered claims 22, 22 and 23-30, have been renumbered as claims 23-32.

2. Claims 17-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Re claim 17, line 1, 2, the phrase "the material" is without proper antecedent basis.

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 17 and 21-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Japan'834 in view of Fujimoto (U. S. Pat. No. 5,939,139).

Re claim 17, Japan'834 is cited disclosing an encapsulation removal method for removing a portion of the material encapsulating an encapsulated integrated circuit comprising the steps of:

depositing a selected volume of a liquid or encapsulant-removing agent (5) on a selected surface area of the surface of an encapsulated integrated circuit, the selected volume of the liquid encapsulant-removing agent sufficient to form a shape-sustaining deposit on the selected surface area that differs from the claim only in the recitation of subjecting the deposited liquid encapsulant-removing agent to a flow of a heated gas sufficient to heat the deposited liquid encapsulant-removing agent to cause

the so-heated liquid encapsulant-removing agent to remove at least a portion of the encapsulating material in contact with the so-heated liquid encapsulant-removing agent. The patent to Fujimoto (col. 1, 5-20) is cited disclosing in a process for removing an encapsulant, the step of providing a heated gas. It therefore would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to modify the process of Japan'834, to have the same employ a stream of heated gas as taught by Fujimoto, for the purpose of enhancing the removal process. It is old and well known to employ heat in a cleaning process for efficient material/debris removal and since Japan'834 discloses that the material may be blown. Re claims 21-23, Fujimoto discloses the gas. Re claims 24 and 25, Japan'834 discloses the drops. Claims 26 and 27 is deemed to be inherent in view of Japan'834, as proposedly modified. Re claim 32, Fujimoto discloses the controller.

5. Claims 18-20 and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the applied prior art as applied to claim 17 above, and further in view of Martin (U. S. Pat. No. 5,766,496) or Ellerson et al. (U. S. Pat. No. 5,252,179).

Claims 18-20 and 28 define over the applied prior art only in the recitation of the type of acid. Martin (col. 4, lines 31-34) and Ellerson (col. 1, lines 43-52) each the acid as claimed. It therefore would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to modify the process of Japan'834, to employ the acid as taught by either Martin or Ellerson, since it is old and well known to employ various types of solvents dependent upon the article being treated or the type of soil being removed.

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6. Claims 27-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the applied prior art as applied to claim 17 above, and further in view of Ni (U. S. Pat. No. 6,200,387).

Claims 27, 28 and 30 define over the applied prior art only in the recitation of the step of sensing and controlling the temperature. Ni (col. 6, lines 39-53) discloses the temperature sensing and controlling. It therefore would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to modify the process Japan'834, to include a sensing and controlling step as taught by Ni, for the purpose of enhancing the cleaning process as is common in the art.

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to the pending claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. In Tiwain'340, Japan'527 and Melillo, note the encapsulant removal.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to FRANKIE L. STINSON whose telephone number is (571) 272-1308. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F from 5:30 am to 2:00 pm and some Saturdays from approximately 5:30 am to 11:30 am.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Barr, can be reached on (571) 272-1700. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Fls

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Frankie L. Stinson', with a stylized flourish at the end.

FRANKIE L. STINSON
Primary Examiner
GROUP ART UNIT 1746